ALBANY DESERTED BY POLITICIANS.

MR. ERWIN'S COMMITTEE LIST AWAITED WITH ANXIETY.

ALBANY, Jan. 7.—Nearly all the members of the Legislature returned to their homes to-day. Speaker Erwin was among those who departed, saying, as he did so, that he should not return to this city. before Saturday night. There seemed to be a general belief among the Assemblymen that Mr. Erwin would keep strictly his promise not to make up his committees in the interest of any candidate for Senator. Mr. Morton's friends, as well as those of other candidates for Senator, have abandoned the city, but the Morton men say that they will back here early on Monday merning to begin their Senate canvass. Mr. Morton's canvass will be managed by Thomas C. Platt, ex-Marshal Louis F. Payn, Silas B. Dutcher, John F. Smyth, C. M. Dennison and Chester S. Cole. Mr. Platt will not come here, but will be in constant telegraphic communication with the other Morton The headquarters will be the ladies' parler of the Delavan House, the same room that was used by the same men in the canvass for Mr. Erwin for Speaker. It is their plan to have the Senate caucus held on Thursday night, January 15. THE TIME OF HOLDING THE CAUCUS UNSEITLED, The Speaker's list of committees will be published on January 14. If members of the Legislature, despite Speaker Erwin's intentions, should deem the committees made up in the interest of Mr. Morton as a candidate for Senator, the influence of the publication will come at an opportune moment for the Morton campaign. There threatens to be a fight, however, over the selection of a day for the holding of the caucus. The coasent of the caucus committees of both houses is necessary to the naming of a special day for the holding of the caucus. It is believed that the Caucus Committee of the Senate is composed of Evarts men and that of the Assembly of Morton men. If, therefore, the Morton Assembly Commit-

that there is a rising tide of public opinion among Republicans in Mr. Evarts's favor for Senator. One of the Evarts leaders said to-day: "Mr. Morton's managers began his canvass for Senator with the day of adjournment of the last Legislature. All through the summer it was continued.

A large number of the Assembly nominations are controlled and dictated by Mr. Morton's friends. Now that the Legislature has met, however, there is an outbreak of opinion among Republicans that more than just that the Republican members of the Legislature should be afforded opportunity and time to listen to these appeals of Republican voters. There is no need of rushing the Senatorial cancus. We can afford to wait till January 19 before we hold the cancus."

tee presses the selection of January 15, or the day

Evarts Senate Committee. The Evarts men, more-

ever, are said to be anxious to postpone the holding

of the caucus to the latest day possible, believing

diately following the announcement of the

It is the opinion of politicians, therefore, that there will be a contest between the two caucus nittees over the date for holding the cancus. committees over the date for holding the cancus. In 1881 the Senate and Assembly cancus committees disagreed respecting the holding of a cancus to nominate successors to Thomas C. Platt and Roscoe Conking. The Senate Committee could not make up its mind to select any day, and after a good deal of futile negotiation over the matter, the Assembly Committee called one on its own account. That cancus, however, was a failure. Only a handful of Senators and Assemblymen strended it, and it was adjourned without day, ending the prospects of an election of Mr. Coukling and Mr. Platt.

An Evarts headquarters will be opened at the Delavan House, early in the week, and many meabers of the Legislature who intend to vote for Mr. Evarts will be here on Monday.

ACTIVE INTEREST IN WASHINGTON. THE OPPOSITION TO MR. MORTON-PRIENDS OF MR.

EVARTS AND MR. HISCOCK. *

INT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNG. WASHINGTON, Jan. 7 .- New York Republicans in Senatorial canvass at Albany. There appears to b a good understanding between the friends of the President and other Republicans who are opposed to the election of Mr. Morton, and most if not all of them seem to believe that he will be defeated. Among the President's callers this forenoon was Senator Miller, who, with General McCook, subsequently spent several hours on the floor of the use in conference with New-York Representatives? The sole topic discussed the Senatorial contest. A New-York Represent ative who was present said: "You may, rest be the next Senator from New-York. I think it likely that Mr. Evarts will be the man. Several of the members counted by Mr. Morton's friends will support another candidate. From this time forward Mr. Morton's opponents will work together on a definite plan, and they will be well organized. We have carefully scrutinized the estimate of the anti-Morton strength published in THE TRIBUNE to-day and believe it to be substantially correct."

Another New-York Congressman said: "I think the list in to-day's TRIBUNE of anti-Morton men is nearly correct, and I believe that a determined effert to combine them on an opposition candidate would succeed as to all except perhaps five or six. Yes, think all except half a dozen of them would prefer Mr. Evarts to Morton. Mr. Hiscock has some ten or twelve votes, and I do not think that he has made un his mind what course to pursue. Probably he will not decide whether to remain in the field as a candidate until he hears more definitely from his freeds as to the situation and prospects at Albany. But I am positive of one thing, and that is that Mr. discock will not allow his name to be used in any any to promote Mr. Morton's candidacy."

Congressman Nutting warmly advocates Mr. Hiscock's candidacy, and the personal feeling of New-York Representatives in his favor is strong and general, if not unanimous. Most of them, however, seem to think that the prospect of a successful canvass against Mr. Morton would be better with Mr. Evarts than with the Syracuse Congressman. It is expected that anumber of the New-York Republican Congressmen will go to Albany soon to lend their aid to the opponents of Mr. Morton.

WORK FOR EVARTS AND MORTON HERE MR. EVARTS IS TO BEAT OR BE BEATEN-CON-

FERRING IN MR. MORTON'S INTER-ST. The Evarts and Morton camp-fires burned briskly bere yesterday, and all the Senatorship talk centred in their candidacies. Mr. Evarts said to a TRIBUNE reporter: "I am in the contest to beat or or be beaten. That is what I have been doing as a lawyer for a lifetime." His friends say that they will not consent to throw his strength to any third man, but now that the fight is between him and Morton it at result in the selection of one or the other Their canvass of the members of the Assembly has ed them to claim openly that they have a clear working majority of the caucus and some votes to pare. It will require 47 votes to nominate. There were scores of callers on Mr. Evarts at his office in st., yesterday, whose business had reference to Senatorship. Ex-Senator Birdsall headed a gation of Long Islanders. Many of the visitors were young men, representing the several Young Republican clubs of New-York and Brooklyn. A neeting in Mr. Evarts's interest will probably

be held in Brooklyn. A circular is understood to have been printed for strentation in the country districts arraigning Mr. Evarts as the attorney of the eleomargarine manu-facturers. The friends of Mr. Evarts charge that it ates from the Morton people, who in turn say see from the dairymen interested in destroying the oleomargarine industry. Dr. Williams, Assemblyman from Chautauqua, said last evening that it might have some effect in his county, where the

THE CANVASS FOR SENATOR. | sentiment was at present, he thought, slight in favor of Mr. Evarts. .

A CONFERENCE AT MR. PLATT'S OFFICE.

Senator Vedder and Assemblymen Horton and Williams, of Chantauqua, as well as ex-Senator Sessions, were in the city yesterday. All but Dr. Williams started for home in the evening. All but Mr. Sessions had a conference with Mr. Dutcher and ex-Senator Platt during the day, at the latter's office, which is the Morton headquarters here. Mr. Horton said to a TRIBUNE reporter before starting for home: "The Senatorship contest is shaping up much as the Speakership did. It is run shaping up much as the Speakership did. It is running, along about the same way." Mr. Horton and Dr. Williams both denied the story told from Albany about the five votes from Cattarangus, Chautauqua and Albany being held back-for dickering. Dr. Williams said: "The fact is, all of us who were in Albany were for Erwin. McEwen had not arrived. We waited until he came, so that the Congressional district might go solid, if he agreed with us. The question of Scuator did not enter into the matter at all. It was purely a matter of the best qualified man for Speaker. About the Senatorship, I am undecided, and shall go home to consult my constituents."

Ex-Attoriey-General Russell was in his usual amiable mood, when a Therene reporter called at

Ex-Attorney-General Russell was in his usual amiable mood, when a Thisune reporter called at his office in the Mutual Life Building, but was not willing to talk about the Senatorship beyond saying that the election of Mr. Erwin was satisfactory to his friends, and had been partly brought about by them. He thinks that the deck is now cleared for the Senatorship, and that every one has some chance.

of Mr. Russell's friends says that the report in One of Mr. Russell's friends says that the report in The Tribune's dispatches that Senator Gilbert favors Mr. Evarts must be a mistake, as he is fully and voluntarily committed to Mr. Russell. THE TWO CONTESTS UNLIKE.

A prominent Republican, who has given much attention to the situation, said yesterday: "The first impression would be that after such a victory for the Platt-Dutcher-Morton combination, no further opposition would be offered to their plans. further opposition would be oftered to their plans. But you will find that their success on the skirmish line will rally an army to oppose them on the real battleifeld. The Senatorship is an altogether different contest from the Speakership. In the latter Assemblymen are looking for layors they may receive from the presiding officer, for chairmanships and recognition. There is no such element in the Senatorial matter. The Assemblyman is entirely clear of any fear of the Senator, who has no favors to bestow. It is certain that Mr. Erwin will not use his position to advance any Senatorial candidate. If he should attempt to do so it would injure whomever his action was intended to benefit, and would react against both himself and his Senatorial candidate. Mr. Erwin has told me repeatedly that nothing of the kind would be done. To secure his own election he undoubtedly made pledges. These he must carry out regardless of the Senatorship. As to the latter, there are votes enough in the opposition, if combined, to defeat Mr. Morton. To effect such a combination will require, however, more skilful manipulation than was shown in the Speakership canviss. It looks as though it would be necessary to bring a new candidate forward, and that it will be Mr. Depew, but in any event, a new man will be brought in."

At an enthusiastic meeting of the Republican Club of Richmond County (Stater Island), held last evening at their rooms, Garretson's Hall, Tompkinsyille, a vote was taken to see who was the choice of the club for United States Senator. It was found that William M. Evarts had the full vote of the club, and the sperstary was ordered to inform their Assemblyman of the fact, and request him to do his utmost to further Mr. Evarts's election.

WHAT YOUNG REPUBLICANS ARE DOING. But you will find that their success on the skirmish Assembly committees, for the holding of the caucus they are likely to meet with resistance from the

WHAT YOUNG REPUBLICANS ARE DOING. STRENUOUS EFFORTS IN BEHALF OF MR. EVARTS-TO BE REPRESENTED IN ALBANY.

The Young Men's Republican Club held a meeting last evening at No. 21 West Twenty-seventhst., to receive the report of the committee which went to Albany to forward the candidacy of William M. Evarts for United States Senator. J. W. Hawes presided, Mortimer C. Addoms stated that the committee reached Albany on Sanday and remained until Tuesday. It was satisfied that with proper work Mr. Evarts could be elected. He recommended that the committee be cularged and that it go to Albany next Tuesday prepared to do vigorous work for Mr. Evarts. He introduced Assemblyman Howe, who said that for the last three days he had been laboring to promote the candidacy of Mr. Evarts, who, he believed, would be chosen Senator. Of the pineteen Republican Senators thirteen fa vored Mr. Evarts, and from forty-three to fortyfive Assemblymen. This would give Mr. Evaris a fair majority in the cancua. The real canvass would begin on Tuesday next, when the Legislature meets. It had been said that the Washington begin to show an active interest in the canvass of Mr. Evarts was one of sentiment. He canvass of Mr. Evarts was one of sentiment. He believed in that In its best sense. The fact that the club had sent out a circular in the interest of Mr. Evarts to every postmaster and lawyer in the State had resulted in a perfect shower of politions to members of the Legislature, He had nothing to say against Mr. Morton, but he could say a great deal against some of his supporters. The opinion was strong in certain quarters that Mr. Morton's election would indicate the continuance of the sort of politics that had already caused the defeat of the Republican party. He was satisfied that Mr. Conking was anding the Platt-Cornell combination, and he did not think the Republicans wanted to continue the influence of a man who went around at the last election putting the knife in, in order to satisfy private revenge rivate revenge The club decided to retain its pre-ent rooms un-

The club decided to retain its present rooms un-til May 1 and then endeavor to secure permanent herdquarters. A proposition to lay aside \$250 and solicit subscriptions of \$10 and upward from the members as the uncleus of a building fund was voted down. It was agreed that three standing commuttees should be formed to look after Nation-al, State and city questions.

A BATTLE WITH MOGNSHINERS.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 7 .- At Livingston, a railroad station at the junction of the Kentucky Central Railroad with the Kuoxville branch. Deputy Sheriff James White went to arrest James and Henry Burton, two brothers, who irs charged with being engaged in illegal whiskey traffic A posse of fifteen, men surrounded them, and the Surtons surrendered to them. While on the way to iail, James tried to escape and was fired upon and killed by the po-se. Burton's friends, some ten in number, then attacked the posse. The firing continued for two hours. Several men are reported killed and wounded, among

RIOTING IN DAKOTA.

PIERRE, Dak., Jan. 7 .- A telegram from Forest City, Potter County, says: " An armed mob from Gettysburg and vacinity came to Forest City this morn ing and under charge of C. W. Glichrist, Jim Brison and ing an under charge of e. W. Grieffer, in Prison as man named Daly took possession of the public records by tearing out part of the building in which they were kept and removing them by force. The sheriff has started in pursuit at the head of an armed force and it is probable that a fight will ensue.

EMBEZZLEMENT BY A CASHIER.

IST TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. LYNN, Jan. 7 .- Alfred H. Oliver has been receiving eashier in the Eastern–Ratiroad treasury office at Boston for eleven years. At noon to-day he was arrested for embezzling \$12,000 from the railroad. He confessed that he had been taking the company's money for eight years. Oliver's transactions were detected by the closing up of the accounts of the Eastern Railroad, owing to its consolidation with the Boston and Maine Railroad. Oliver lived in this city with his wife and three children.

OPPOSING THE ELEVATED RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7.—The proposed evated railroad on North Front and other up-town streets has brought a remonstrance from the people, who gave vent to their feelings against the scheme at a meet-ing this afternoon.

INDICTMENTS AGAINST BROKEN BANKERS.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7.—The bills of indict ment continue to be piled up against the broken bankers. William and Louis Ladner. The latter is major of the 2d Regiment, National Guard.

TO ERECT A STATUE OF SCHILLER.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7. - The Constatter Singing Society, composed of wealthy German people, will erect in Fairmount Park a bronze statue of Schiller the German poet. The ceremonies will include a parade of all German societies and tradespeople.

HARVARD AND THE GAME OF FOOTBALL. Boston, Jan. 7 .- The faculty of Harvard College have decided by a vote of 24 to 5 to prohibit the Harvard eleven from playing any more intercollegiate games of football. It is believed if the rules of the game

were changed materially, that next year Harvard would participate in the game.

DISCOVERING A NEST OF DYNAMITEURS. WHAT ENGLISH DEFECTIVES FOUND IN PENNSYL-

VANIA-SPIES AND SUSPECTS. PITTSBURG, Jan. 7 .- A dispatch to The Post from Greensburg, Westmoreland County, says: "The rumor is current here that English detectives have obtained evidence of a powerful secret society of dynamiteurs in existence in this country, and also that the society is directly responsible for the recent explosions and assassinations in England. The detectives have been on the track of this society for several menths, and have found that it is organized after the plan of the Mollie Maguires with money obtained by assessment from all parts of the State. Their headquarters are at Demin, a small mining town ten miles west of this place. For several months past a stranger has been noticed upon our streets whose mysterious actions caused much speculation. It is now asserted that he was an English detective, that he has followed several Irishmen to England and return, and that he obtained evidence that a powerful brotherhood, with plenty of extraordinary facilities for exporting explosives of all descriptions, and for utilizing them after landing.

The agent at Irwin for the ocean steamship lines in the last year has sold large numbers of tickets to and from Ireland and England, but whether they were used by the brotherhood is not known. It is said that the spices of Eugland have mingled with the suspects for over a year, and have departed with their evidence for Washington, where they will lay the matter before the proper authority.

MINERS IN THE HOCKING VALLEY.

SOME OF THE STRIKERS DESTROYING PROPERTY-A TALK WITH PRESIDENT M'BRIDE.

IBY THE GRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. COLUMBUS, Jan. 7 .- There appears to be communistic or sort of Molly Maguire association among a portion of the miners in the Hecking Valley who are bent on destruction and who do not realize the fact that the burning of property has no tendency to strengthen the cause they seek to benefit. Their work has destroyed all hope of success in this strike. It did not prevent operators from shipping in more men, neither has it created a friendly feeling toward the old miners, who will have to bear a proportion of the blame that should be attached to the guilty only. It is generally claimed by some miners that the work will not be sufficient even living. It is said that the operators will fill their mines so full of miners that there will be little work for any of them. A story was circulated by the idle miners that

them. A story was circulated by the idle miners that these men had quit work because of their inability to earn a living. The report was learned to be false. One of these had earned in the month \$0.80 outside of the wages of his boy who was handing. Another had been working three days and he had nine tons of coal to his credit. The operators are of opinion that the men will go back to work again as soon as they get over their seare. A large number of agents of the Hocking Valley mines are at work in Lynchburg. Va., securing colored miners to take the place of the strikers. In fact 160 of this class with 115 families were sent down to Buchtel this evening.

The delegates to the Miners Convention met here to day, but transacted no business of public importance. President McEride, being a member of the Legislature, turned over the affairs to the first vice-president. Mr. McEride, in-peaking of the causes operating to prolong the strike, says that the principan one is the form of contract used by the operators. He also says that had it not been for this objectionable returns the inthers might presonably have returned to work, even at the reduced prices offered; but the terms offered were degrading and munitating to manhood. While he was not willing to admit that the strike was a failure, he believed that all had given my the deas of being able to secure the seventy cent rate. The miners, he said, were at first willing to arbitrate the differences, but this was refused by the operators.

THE DIVORCE REFORM LEAGUE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Boston, Jan. 7.-The fifth annual meeting of the New-England Divorce Reform League was held in this city this afternoon. Bishop-Paddock presided. It was resolved to make it a National league. Theodor President Pepper, of Colby University, were elected to membership. Officers were chosen as follows; President, Bishop Paddock; vice-presidents, the Rev. Alvah Hovey, of Newton and Nathaulel Shipman, of Hartford recording-sceretary, the Rev. F. B. Makepeace; corresponding sceretary, the Rev. S. W. Dike; treasurer, Wil sponding secretary, the Rev. c. w. Dike, treasurer, Whi-iam G. Benediet; executive committee; president, M. H. Buckham, of the University of Verment; the Rev. G. L. Demarest, of Manchester, N. H.; S. E. Baldwin, of New-Haven; the Rev. W. H. Morrison, of Providence; Professor George F. Harris, of Andover; the Rev. B. R. Pierre, of Hoston; the Rev. G. W. Pepper, president of Colby University; Professor Theodore W. Dwight and the Rev. H. W. Foote, of Boston.

STRANGE SIGHT IN A READING CHURCH.

INT THE GRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. READING, Jan. 7.—The worshippers in the Reformed Evangelical Friendship Church in this city have seen a strange vision on the wall of their sanctuary. dightly revival services in the church, admitted this afternoon that a vision had been seen. The sight, he says, is that of a man's face and appears directly above says, is that of a man's face and appears directly above the motto." The Son of Man has come to save and seek that which was lost." Mr. Jones asks his congregation to remember how Belshazzar saw the handwriting on the wall and warms them to repent and be saved. Some at tribute the strangs phenomenon to a Supreme Power while others regardit as an onen for good or evil. The church was so crowded this evening that many were mable to gain admittance and many conversions are taking place.

LITIGATION IN THE SALVATION ARMY. THY TRUNGUACH TO THE TRUNGS ...

STEURENVILLE, Ohio, Jan. 7 .- The English ago against the American branch, to recover property is Majors Moore and Smith, the heads of the two branches, were present with counsel. After four hours' delibera-tion the jury tenight returned a verdict in favor of the English branch.

SINKING OF A WESTERN STEAMBOAT.

ARKANSAS CITY, Ark., Jan. 7 .- The steamer Belle of Shreveport ran ashore near I-land No. 66 yes-terday and sank in forty minutes. She will prove a total loss. The steamer had 100 passengers and 1,700 tons of freight. James Moon, of New-Albany, Indiana, wa drowned. The steamer Kate Adams passed the wrec drowned. The steamer Kate Adams passed the wred at daylight and rescued the passengers from the island Most of the passengers were New-Orleans Exposition visitors. Among the freight were twenty-five race-horse and eleven Jersey cows intended for the Exposition. The value of the vessel was \$16,000. She was insured for \$12,000. SWORN IN AS PRESIDENT JUDGE.

White, ex-member of Congress, was sworn in as President Judge of this Juddicial District, Silas M. Clark of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, administering the oath. TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Indiana, Penn., Jan. 7.—General Harry

IS HE THE REAL ARTHUR ORTON I

SAN PRANCISCO, Jan, 7.—The Examiner publishes an interview with Edmund Orton, who returned here on the last steamer from Australia, where he went at the instigation of Miss Georgiana Baring, daughter of one of the Baring Bros., for the purpose of identifying Arthur Orton, who is in the Paramatta Lunatic Asylum at Sydney. He states that he did identify him as his brother. The insane man now in Australia will be taken to London to establish his identity.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER IN MAINE. AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 7. The Governor and Council to day confirmed the nomination of J. O. Smith as State Insurance Commissioner.

A POLICE CAPTAIN KILLED BY A TRAIN.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, Jan. 7.—Police Captain Me Daniels, of the city force, while in pursuit of a criminal was run over by a passenger train and killed.

was run over by a passenger train and killed.

KNOCKED DOWN A COAL SHAFT.

SCRANTON, Penn., Jan. 7.—A plank that fell from the tower of the new shaft of the Bridge Coal Company knocked David Phillips, a workman, into the shaft, which is 300 feet deep. He fell to the bottom and every bone in his body was broken.

ROBBED, STRIPPED AND WOUNDED BY TRAMPS.
EASTON, Penn., Jan. 7.—John Narell, a track-walker on the Lenigh Valley Railroad between Newport and Fairview, on Monday night was attacked at Eapy Run by three tramps, who robbed him, stripped him and divided the clothing equally among themserves, and then cut him with knives. The coming of a passenger train caused them to run away. He was found lying beside the track by some train men who took him home.

STEALING A NEWLY-BURLED BODY.

by some train men who took him home.

STEALING A NEWLY-BURIED BODY.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 7.—It jus is en discovered that the grave of Morris Goldstein, a young Hebrew who died on becember 25, has been opened and that the body is missing. The Hebrews have formed a committee to search the dissecting-rooms of the city hospitals.

THIS TIME IT IS A MEXICAN LION.

VINCENNES, ind., Jan. 7.—The neighborhood of Hazelton, ind., is greatly excited over the appearance of a Mexican lion, which, no doubt, escaped from a circus last summer. It has been committing serious depredations, and over 100 man are out hunting the beast.

EGYPTIAN COMPLICATIONS.

FRANCE TO REPLY TO ENGLAND. A CONFERENCE OF THE POWERS PROBABLE-LORD

CHARLES BERESFORD AT KORTL. Paris, Jan. 7.-It is stated that France and Germany have come to an agreement in regard to Egypt. France will next week reply to the English proposals respecting Egyptian finances, stat-ing her objections to them and presenting a scheme of her own. England, it is expected, will refuse to accept the French scheme and Prince Bismarck will thereupon propose a conference of the

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Temp says that M. de Giers, the Russian Foreign Minister. is in favor of the formation of a mixed commission to examine the divergent Egyptian proposals of France and England, and to report thereon to the LONDON, Jan. 7.-The following telegram ha

been received from General Lord Wolseley dated Korti, January 7, 4:10 p. m.: "A strong convoy is leaving camp for Gakdul. General Stewart will take another to-morrow for Metamneh, which we

take-another to-morrow for Metamneh, which we expect to occupy by January 15. If a steamer is found there we shall communicate with General Gordon without delay."

KORTI, Jan. 7.—Lord Charles Beresford's naval brigade has arrived here. They made the journey up the Nile from Sarrass in twenty-seven days. They are in good health and spirits. They will accompany the expedition across the desert and on their arrival at Metamneh will man General Gordon's steamers. Stores of provisions are being sent daily to Gakdul, where a depot is being formed. The Arab paper Nemzet states that the Mahdi has strictly enjoined Osman Digma to remain near the coast in order to prevent an English advance from Snakim.

CAIRO, Jan. 7.—The Mudir of Dougola has gone CARO, Jan. 7.—The Mudir of Dongola has gone to Merawi at General Lord Wolseley's request.

THE EARTHQUAKES IN SPAIN. DESTITUTION AND ILLNESS-LOSS OF 900 LIVES

IN GRANADA. MADRID, Jan. 7 .- Although the mortality at Malaga from the earthquake has been small the panic is extreme. Many people are ill from terror. At nightfall people forsake their houses and congregate in the gardens in the suburbs. Trade is at a standstill, and many shops are closed. Orders have been issued that vehicle pass through the streets slowly lest the jarring effect of their passing should cause the weakened buildings to collapse. The towns in the province of Malaga suffered much more than the city itself. The work of relief proceeds slowly. Many villages are destitute of food. The clergy and the religious bodies have shown great coo-A church, a coficent and fifty houses were destroyed at Motril by the earthquake shocks on Monday evening. There was a great procession at framada to-day. Twelve thousand people, headed by priests bearing the image of the Virain, marked through the streets chanting and praying for deliverance from further earth-coakes.

ing and praying for deliverance from further earth-quakes.

The official report on the results of the earth-quake states that 900 lives were lost in Granada. Admiral Antiguera, Minister of Marine, will accompany King Alfonso to the provinces. The King has increased his personal gift to the relief find to \$20,000. Emperor William of Germany has telegraphed his sympathy and a large subscription. The relief fund is increasing won-derfully.

a large subscription. The relief fund is increasing wonderfully.

Another shock was felt in the South at daybreak this
morning. Its greatest force was felt at Lojs, where 300
houses were damaged. Only seven persons were injured. Most of the inhabitants had left or were sleeping
in tents. King Alfonso starts to-day for the sceenes of
disaster. Three hundred thousand dollars have already
been subscribed to the relief fund. King Alfonso will
take with him \$100,000, which he will in person distribtief for the relief of the sufferers.

LONION, Jan. 7.—A slight shock of earthquake was
felt to-day at Geneva. Several shocks have been felt
during the past few days in the Canton of Grisons,
Seitzerland, and in the department of Hauti-sayore,
France.

THE PRIME MINISTER'S HEALTH TOASTED. London, Jan. 7 .- William Henry Gladstone, M. P., son of the Prime Minister, replying at Hawarden to-day to a toast to his father's health, said that after lifty years of ardsons public service a much furtner pro longation of the Priss Minister's political life could no be anticipated. His father would doubtless always remain in tarness, although his fabors would be less arduous than those of men in the political arena.

There was a Cabinet meeting lasting three hours to day. Mr. Gladstone was absent, Fruite expresses the fear that Mr. Gladstone a filmess will lead to his retire.

*SCOUMES OF PRINCE BISMARCK

Paris, Jan. 7 .- The Evenement publishes an interview with General Campenon, late Minister of War. He says that Prince Bismarck is luring M. Ferry on to unforescen difficulties. He has already embroiled France with Italy and Spain and now with England. and not be wasting them on colonization schemes. The present expedition to China is likely to be far more for-midable than that of 1840. M. Ferry's policy General Campenon pronounced "deceptive and totally opposed to that pursued by Gambetta."

Pauls, Jan. 7.—The Berlin correspondent of the Vol taire says Prince Bismarck has informed England, that so far as he is advised at present, he must contest England's claim to the protection of Santa Lucia Bay, Zulu-

THE INVENTORS' EXHIBITION.

London, Jan. 7.—The requests for space in the forthcoming International Inventors' Exhibition from the continent and Great Britain are much in excess of the area available. The allotment for America is hkely to be trenched upon unless applications are in intely to be treemen upon mass applications mediately forwarded. The time has been finally extended for applications from the United States to January 31, so that to reach here by that date they should be forwarded not later than January 20. The British Consul in New York has been matructed to furnish the necessary forms of application.

INCIDENTS IN THE DOMINION. TORONTO, Jan. 7 .- A report that William Churchill, a carpenter of Toronto, and his four brothers, who live in Newfoundland, had fallen heir to a fortune estimated at \$35,000,000 left by a relative in England and which had been for years waiting a claimant, has been revived. Churchill has received a letter from Neworen revives. Churchil has received a letter from New-foundiand stating that there is no do bt that his claim and that of his brothers will be thoroughly established.

The eigar monufacturers here recently informed their men that, owing to a duiness in the trade, either prices or the number of men must be reduced. The Interna-tional Executive Committee recommend that the number of men be reduced. To-day twenty-eight men were tem-porarily discharged.

A transfer of 1,000 shares of Bank of Montreal stock was made to-day. The stock was purchased by local speculators, who are now carrying it among themselves. This is the largest bona fide sale of investment stock made here for years.

THE ASSAULT ON NEW-YORK PRIESTS. St. Johns, N. F., Jan. 7.-The Redemptor ist

priests, Fathers Delargy and McGivern, arrived here from Bay Roberts this evening. Father McGivern gave the following account of the Orange demonstration: "On last Sur day we resumed our mission, which was in terrupted on December 17, by violent and outrageous interference with us by the Orangemen of Bay Roberts. We arrived from Holyrod in the morning, and at 10 o'clock Bishop McDonald met us at our hotel. The streets were thronged with men in common working garb. Orange arches and flags were thrown across the garb. Orange arches and flags were thrown across the road, and yells and imprecations against us broke from the crowd. A kinfle was drawn at Father Delargy, and threats of throwing us over the bank were savagely expressed. Dr. McDonaid said to us: 'We cannot have mass or open the mission: I am not going to pass under Orange arches or flags, nor shall we submit to the indignity.' We replied: 'We shall relaim the protection of the Stars and Stripes.' We telegraphed the United States Consul and Bislop McDonaid telegraphed to the Newfoundiand Governor. On Monday the warship Fenedos and the St. John's police force arrived. The Orange arches and flags came down, and we completed our mission at the point of the bayonet, and at the muzzle of Gatling guns, arriving safely in St. John's this evening. Our progress from Eay Roberts to St. Johns was an ovation. We have been in many parts of the world, but a more consummate crowd of rullians and cowards than the Orangemen of Bay Roberts we have never encountered. They marshalled their forces from all the surrounding neighborhood to try and intimidate two lone, unarmed missionaries. Our firmness triumphed and success rewarded us."

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON. LONDON, Jan. 7.

Shipwhights on Strike.—A thousand shipwrights at Hartlepool have struck against a reduction in wages of 7½ per cent.

A CHOLERA CASE IN LONDON.—The Registrar's record of deaths in London last week includes one from choicra. of deaths in London has week week to the his week to the house of those Winans, a miliouaire Baitimoreau, who has an extensive deer park in Northern Scotland. Mr. Winans is described as the man from Yankeeland who is the possessor of dirty gold and the oppressor of the poor crofters. The concluding verse hints at persons in the poor crofters. The concluding verse hints at persons in the poor crofters.

Diplomatic Changes.—Several changes have be made in the British diplomatic service. E. Corbett, present accredited to Brazil, has been appointed

Sweden and Norway; Colonel Mansfield, Minister to Venezuela, goes to Peru, and Frederick R. St. John, Minister and Consul-General to the United States of Colombia, goes to Venezuela. The Hon, Edmund J. Monson, Minister at Buenos Ayres, is transferred to Denmark.

THE CONGO CONFERENCE.

AGREED ON THE SLAVERY QUESTION-GERMANY Berlin, Jan. 7.—Dr. Busch, Under Foreign Secretary, presided at the meeting of the Congo Con-

ference to-day. The decision of the committee on the slavery question was unanimously adopted. The sixth conference protocol, in reference to alcohol, which has been published, shows that Dr. Busch stated that Germany was unable to support any project that would be hurtful to the future in terests of commerce. The proposed prehibition of the traffic in alcohol would render the decisions of the conference in regard to the freedom of comexcercise control over the trade of others. The proposal of Count Kapnist, the Russian delegate, to establish a meteorological station on the Corgo

to establish a meteorological station on the Congo was approved.

In the debate in Mr. Kasson's neutrality scheme, Count de Launay, the Italian Ambassador, proposed that the Powers should renounce the idea of extending military action to the Congo Basin, and cause the insertion of a clause proposing recourse to the mediation of friendly powers before appealing to arms. Mr. Kasson stated that the object proposed was a practical, not a theoretical one, and was inteluded to assure the security of commercial enterprise.

King Leopold of Berlin is using his influence with Emperor William to recommend Albert, the second son or the Count of Flanders, for the position of Viceroy of the Congo State, which shall be under Belgian regency until Albert reaches his majority.

London, Jan. 8.—The Post's dispatch from Berlin

Belgian regency until Albert reaches his majority.

London, Jan. 8.—The Post's dispatch from Berlin says that the activity in the Congo conference of the American delegates, Minister Kasson and General Sandford, seems to indicate a wish to make clear that America will in future be more concerned in European interests than has been the case heretofore. The active participation of America in the conference is favored by Prince Bismarck, and this fact excites the suspicion of other Powers. The Post correspondent says that there is curiosity to know if the German-American co operation threatens British possessions in America as well as in Africa. The subject is a prominent topic of conversation in diplomatic circles.

ENGLAND AND GERMANY.

LONDON, Jan. 7 .- Earl Granville dined with count von Munster, the German Ambassador, on Monday, and had another interview with the Count on Tuesday. The tension of relations between the English and German Governments is lessening. It is reported that

MORE ANNEXATIONS BY ENGLAND. LONDON, Jan. 7 .- The Cabinet Council toay decided to extend the Bechuana frontier northeast to the Limpopo River, the western frontier to include both banks of the Fish River. This cuts the Transvaal off from a chance of German connection. The Transvaal Government is preparing to protest against the English annexations in Zululand.

MR. PARNELL'S CANDIDATE NOMINATED. DUBLIN, Jan. 7 .- The second nominating convention in Tipperary County, for Parliament, called nell presided. Mr. O' Ryan, who was nominated last week, withdrew, and Mr. O'Conner, who was rejected at that time, was unanimously selected. He will probably be returned unopposed.

THE OUTBREAK IN COREA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 7 .- Referring to the utbreak which occurred at Scoul, the Capital of Corea, on December 4, whereby several dignitaries were assasinated, the palace burned and the King obliged to flee Press at Tokio, Japan, writes under date of December 21 that the American, English and German Ministers have field from the Capital and taken refuge with the have near from the capacitation and the capacitation and the same still in the hands of the Chinese. It is believed that he result of the outbreak will be the recognition of the padependence of Corca.

PERIN, Jan. 7.—It is expected that the Chinese Government will adopt a conciliatory attitude respecting over.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—Japanese advices state that Japan is chartering steamers to convey troops to Corea.

FRAGMENTS OF CABLE NEWS. Panis, Jan. 7.—The anarchists are preparing to make a emonstration outside President Grevy's house next anday against the return of Louise Michel to prison.

Bertin, Jan. 7.—A bill to prolong for another year the reduction of the bounty on sagar 40 pfennigs will be introduced in the Reichstag near the end of the session. Rome, Jan.7.—Delegates from various Young Men's Catholic Societies paid their homage to the Pope yester-day. Among other things the Pope said that there was too much reason to fear that, a social catastrophe was imminent. Catholics, especially the young, should do all in their power to prevent its occurrence.

WHO WERE THE COUPLE IN MERIDEN?

IBY TRLEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. MERIDEN, Conn., Jan. 7 .- A richly-dressed oung couple registered on Saturday, a week ago, at the lotel Winthrop as H. A. Lincoln and wife, of Boston. Mr. Lincoln remained until Monday morning, and then went away and returned again at night. He did this every day during the week. Mrs Lincoln, a beautifu woman of twenty, attracted much attention. Her stay at the hotel lasted until the day the story of the alleged Burrill-Snow elopement came out in The Hartford Tele gram, when "Mr. Lincoln and wife" left rather hurgram, when "Mr. Lincoln and wife" left rather hur-riedly. The descriptions of the eloping couple answered exactly to the appearance of Mr. did Mrs. Lincoln. After they left, an envelope was found in the room they had vacated, addressed to Miss Alice Snow. There are many people in Hartford who, despite the several demias of these interested, believe the original story in The Telegram to have been true. Burrill is the son of a leading New-York lawyer, and is studying law in Hartford. Miss Snow is the daughter of one of the rehest men in Hartford.

NO LONGER AN EXILE FROM CHICAGO.

Curcago, Jan. 7 .- Stanley B. Sexton recovered a verdict for \$68,044 against Mrs. Brooks on bond signed by her husband, J. P. Brooks, in 1873. Mr. Brooks was one of the sureties of Henry H. Curtis, Sexton's guardian, who owed his ward \$55,000. As Mr Brooks was dead suit was brought against his widow, who had inherited his whole estate, valued at \$350,000. Mrs. Brooks was at the Palmer House when the verdict was given, and Sexton procured an order to prevent her was given, and sexton procured an order to prevent her from leaving the State, as she had with her more than emough to satisfy the judgment. Her attorney moved to quasi the writ of ne creat, and this was done owing to an informality. While Sexton's lawyer was preparing a new petition, a friend of Mr Brooks chartered a locomotive and when the second writ was issued she was over the Indiana line and safe from arrest. The Appellate Court has just given its decision, reversing the finding of the lower court. Mrs. Brooks can now return to Chicago.

MRS. CLARISSA C. PECK'S WILL.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7 .- By the terms of her will admitted to probate to-day, the late Clarissa C. Peck, widow of Philander Peck, left \$395,000 to her relatives and between \$400,000 and \$500,000 for the foundation of a home for Incurables in this city. A bequest of \$10,000 was made to the Old People's Home of Chicago, and the same amount to the American Sunday School Union and Lake Forest University. Albert Keep, president of the Chicag and Northwestern Railway, and Henry Keep, his brother, are named as executors in it, but no other security except their individual bond is re-

MR. SALA IN BOSTON.

Boston, Jan. 7.-Tremont Temple was well filled to-night on the occasion of the lecture of George Augustus Sala. Oliver Wendell Holmes, in introducing the lecturer, said: "I have requested the gentleman by whose side I am standing to introduce me to this audience I am sorry to say that he declines to do it, on the strength of the statement that I am at home and he is a strenger, but I told him that he is at home everywhere. Wherever he goes he finds thousands who know him, and he is like a snall in one respect, he carries his home with him wherever he goes."

WEDDING AT LITTLE FALLS.

INY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.1 LITTLE FALLS, Jan. 7 .- Miss Edith Sheard, the daughter of ex-Speaker Sheard, was married this afternoon to Wallace Hose. They have gone to Arkansas of their wedding tour. The wedding presents are valued it \$8,000.

FALLING HEIR TO A FORTUNE. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7.—The wife of Ser-

DID HE DIE FROM TYPHUS!

FATHER FITZPATRICK'S DISEASE.

SOME DOUBT AS TO WHAT CAUSED HIS DEATH-DOCTORS DISAGREE.

There were indications yesterday that the outbreak of typhus fever at No. 557 West Thirtysecond-st. was likely to create an epidemic of the disease in the city. Another member of the Mahoney family in the house became ill in the morning, and the symptoms of typhus were so marked that the patient was moved to the Riverside Hospital without delay. Chief Inspector Taylor and Dr. Conant spent most of the day inspecting the neighboring tenement-houses in the expects tion of fluding other cases of the disease. They found considerable filth and evidence of unsanitary habits of the occupants. Their opinion that Mrs. McNamara's death on December 14 was caused by typhus fever was strengthened by facts which came to light late in the day, but they could not ascertain how she contracted the disease. Her brother, Michael Brown, was living with her previous to her illness, and he was in the house when she died. Information was obtained that he had gone to a house in Skillman-st., Brooklyn, and had died there from the fever. Health Commissioner Raymond, of Brooklyn, was apprised of the facts, and requested to deal with persons who were in Brown's company.

The death of Hannah O'Mara, at No. 525 East Eighteenth-st., was reported as suspicious, the woman having suffered from a fever resembling typhus. Dr. Fassin, of No. 306 West Thirty-secondst., sent a report to the Sanitary Bureau that Carmino Saveressa, an Italian fruit ver with fever at No. 353 West Fortieth-st, Dr. Conant ascertained that the Italian moved from No. 557 West Thirty-second-st. after the death of Dr. Taylor also expressed his belief that the Rev.

Father Thomas F. Fitzpatrick, of St. Michael's

Church, who died on Suuday in the church rectory at No. 383 Ninth-ave., was another victim of the disease. The priest visited Mrs. Me-Namara previous to her death, and afterward officiated at her funeral. He became ward officiated at her funeral. He became ill on December 28. Dr. J. F. Gray, of No. 314
West Thirty-first-st., was his att-nding physician, and he thought the priest was suffering from remittent fever. The certificate of Dr. Gray, on file in the Bureau of Vital Statistics, states that Father Fitzpatrick's death was caused by remittent fever and bronchitis. Dr. Taylor made no attempt to stop the public funeral of the priest in St. Michael's Church yesterday, although the Sanitary code proinbits public funerals in cases of death from contagious diseases. The church was crowded with parishioners and children from the parochial schools, and many Catholic priests were present. Archbishop Corrigan was among those who officiated at the funeral. Dr. Taylor went to the rectory after the funeral and talked with Father Donnelly, but he did not see Dr. Gray. Father Donnelly said last evening that Dr Taylor appeared to be trying to substantiate a theory which was not founded on facts. At the rectory, he said, it was not believed that Father Fitzpatrick died from typhus fever.

Dr. Gray was indignant last evening and said to a Tribuure reporter that he would try and make Dr. Taylor repent of what he considered most unprofessional conduct. Dr. Gray said: "I was well acquainted with Father Fitzpatrick and knew that he had been suffering for some time from bronchitis. When he was attacked with fatal illness I did not make a hasty diagnosis, but I became fully convinced at length that he was suffering from remittent fever. Dr. Thomas A. McBride of No. 47 East Twenty-fifth-st. was called in as consulting physician and saw the patent on three occasions. Dr. McBride agreed with me to the diagnosis. I am certain that Father Fitzpatrick did not have typhus fever." ill on December 28. Dr. J. F. Gray, of No. 314

CONDITION OF BUSINESS.

THOUSANDS OF COLLIERS DISPLACED. . WILKESBARRE, Jan. 7 .- Four collieries of the Delaware and Hudson Company in this district, the Laurel Run and Baltimore Tunnel in Plains Township and Nos. 2 and 4 at Plymouth and four in the Scranton District have closed for the purpose of restricting the output of coal and reducing it to the quantity allotted to the company by the combination. The suspension effects all employed, except such as are needed to keep fects all employed, except such as are needed to keep
the fans in operation and the water out of the mines; for
this purpose the inside and outside basses and engineers
are retained in service. These suspensions in addition to
those of the Deinware, Lackawama and Western Company in the upper district, throw 4,000 persons out of
work and it is expected that the stoppages by the Leingh
and Wilkesbarre Company will add at least one thousand
more to the number.

DISCHARGED FOR WANT OF WORK

Benwood, W. V., Jan. 7 .- The Riverside Steel Works to-day discharged 200 men on account of lack of orders. It is said that the Bellaire mill will make the same reduction to-morrow. All the Wheeling mills will be reopened next week.

WAGES REDUCED IN TRENTON. TRENTON, Jan. 7.-The Star Rubber Works

have reduced wages about 1210 per cent. FAILURE OF A DEALER IN TOYS. CHICAGO, Jan. 7 .- Louis Schott, a wholesale dealer in toys and notions at Nos. 79 and 81 Wabash-ave., has made an assignment. His assets are placed in the schedule at \$38,000, consisting of a stock which has just been inventoried at \$28,000 and open accounts amounting to \$10,000. The liabilities are given as \$40,000. The creditors are nearly all in the East.

NINETY-EIGHT CENTS A DAY.

IBY THERRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. PITTSBURG, Jan. 7.-The employes of Oliver Brothers & Co.'s mills, on the south side, to-day were in a sorry plight. They could be found in little groups discussing the proposed reduction, which will place the wages of a number of men at 98 cents a day. Two thousand men are affected by the reduction. The ma-chinists, moulders, blacksmiths, etc., are members of the Knights of Laber, and their assemblies will hold a meet-ing this week to decide whether or not they shall accept

NEW PLANS FOR MAKING PIG IRON.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 7.—It was learned to-night that Carnegie Brothers & Co. will fire up their large last furnaces at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works plant at Braddock. They will make pig iron for the Western Pennsylvania market. They expect to utilize the iron in the mill cinders, the quantity of which now at the mill is estimated at 45,000 tons.

BLUE OUTLOOK FOR THE EXPOSITION.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] NEW-ORLEANS, Jan. 7.—The presidents of commercial exchanges and labor organizations have united on a call for a mass-meeting to-morrow night to appeal to citizens for aid for the Exposition. Their ad-dress sets forth that this great work, inaugurated in a spirit of home enterprise, has not met with proper sup-port from the citizens of New-Orleans. Nearly all of the States have valuable exhibits here. New-York merchants now here have proposed that New-York State should move to have this collection of State exhibits reshould move to have this collection of State exhibits removed to the metropolis for a summer exposition at the
close of the present fair. No one here seems to doubt
that in case of absolute necessity Congress will come to
the rescue of the present management. There are many
local lealousties which stand in the way of raising money
in this city. Much surprise has been expressed over the
report that a large part of the subscriptions, on the
strength of which Congress made its assistance, have
never been paid in.

ADDING TO THE NEW-ORLEANS EXHIBIT.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7.—The exhibit of the women of Philadelphia for the New-Orleans Expos will be shipped in a few days, and Mrs. John Lucas and Mrs. John W. Forney will go as State delegates.

SMALL DAMAGES IN A LIBEL SUIT.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] TRENTON, Jan. 7.—In the suit of L. V. T. Randolph against Ernest O. Chumberiain for \$20,000 damages for libel, to day, a verdict of six cents was res-

BROKE INTO A HOUSE TO PRAY. BALTIMORE, Jan. 7-At a late hour last night

John H. Brooks was captured in Baltimore County just as he had entered the house of a citizen. When eaptured he said he had entered the house for the purpose of en-gacing in prayer. He was sent to Towson jall where he can have time for his develous.